

The unexpected drivers of waste in clinical trial manufacturing

24.06.2021

Context - In R&D manufacturing, Drug Substance, Drug Product and IMP lots are not fully allocated to patient demand, resulting in significant waste in the production process.

N-SIDE, through its experience optimizing clinical programs, summarizes and clarifies the drivers of waste in clinical manufacturing.

Clinical manufacturing: a complex challenge

Minimizing waste



Avoiding risks

Average industry waste level reaches 85%

Based on all of the different programs/trials optimized each year by N-SIDE, we were able to identify 4 main causes of drug waste in the manufacturing process:

Inaccurate and variable demand

- › Unreliable clinical data;
- › Constantly evolving trial list;
- › Increasing complexity of protocol design;
- › Protocol amendments;
- › Unsufficient planning accuracy;
- › Uncertainties (pandemics, politics, etc.).

Siloed decision making

- › DS, DP and IMP planning managed by different teams facing conflicting objectives;
- › Difficult to have a global view on the end-to-end clinical supply chain;
- › Conflicting information may arise;
- › Lack of data-driven alignment and decision making between teams;
- › Lack of impact assessment of decisions in different teams regarding downstream waste.

Constraints due to processes & resources

- › Limited manufacturing resources & capabilities (minimum lot size, low production frequency, etc.);
- › Complex supply chain with long manufacturing and shipping lead times;
- › Development processes (unknown yield, stability plan, etc.);
- › Lack of impact assessment of strategic decisions on waste and costs (stability plan, lot allocation constraints, scale up strategy, outsourcing strategy...).

Planning in a volatile environment

- › Inaccurate modelling of the reality;
- › Lack of solutions to react to new information and unexpected events;
- › Lack of strategies to mitigate risks or over-stock due to shifting timelines;
- › The constantly shifting environment is a given. The way we react to it is not.

What solutions do we have for these drivers of waste?

Demand forecast and planning

Optimize the overage based on a prior risk assessment;
Scenario testing to plan for uncertainties;
Assessment of the robustness of our strategy to change;
Define realistic time safety margins instead of stock safety margins;
Define the safety margins with a global visibility on the end-to-end supply chain rather than locally.

Processes and communication channels

Optimize strategic decisions related to network and manufacturing strategies (outsourcing, scale-up, re-source allocation, building new plants, etc...);
Assess the impact of decisions and processes on waste (e.g. stability plan, lot sizing, lot allocation constraints, etc...);
Have an end-to-end supply chain planning role, or a process to ensure alignment between the CMC and supply chain teams.

PRODUCTION APP



Q&A from the audience

Q1: How long does it take to implement an optimization solution?

R1: The first optimized results for a clinical program can be obtained very quickly (1-2 weeks) through our team of expert consultants.

A global implementation of tools and processes requires a comprehensive training and coaching program, and sometimes redefining roles and responsibilities. As any change management project, the whole process depends on the availability of the team and internal processes. N-SIDE provides tailor-made implementation services to help you realign your internal structure and get the most out of the tool as soon as possible.

Q2: Concretely, what can your tool bring to our production process?

R2: Firsthand, the **Production App** provides **end-to-end visibility on the current and future supply chain**, allowing to plan in advance, run scenarios, assess risks and define an efficient production plan.

But the main added value of the Production App is its **optimization algorithm**, that will not only provide you with a feasible manufacturing strategy, as typical forecasting would, but the one **best solution that minimizes waste, costs and covers the demand**.

Depending on the scope, the optimization features can be extended to **strategic decisions**, like lot sizing, scale-up strategy, network design, vendor selection, stability planning, etc...

In the end, **the Production App alone reduces the waste at manufacturing by 20-40%**. When combined with the **Supply App**, the numbers jump to an impressive 30-60%.